

External Audit Plan 2015/2016

Sheffield City Council

March 2016

Financial Statement Audit



There are no significant changes to the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in 2015/16, which provides stability in terms of the accounting standards the Authority need to comply with.

Materiality

Materiality for planning purposes has been based on last year's expenditure and a detailed review of reserves held by the Authority. It has been set at £27 million. We are obliged to report uncorrected omissions or misstatements other than those which are 'clearly trivial' to those charged with governance and this has been set at £1.35 million.

See pages **4** to **5** for more details.

Value for Money Arrangements work



The National Audit Office has issued new guidance for the VFM audit which applies from the 2015/16 audit year. The approach is broadly similar in concept to the previous VFM audit regime, but there are some notable changes:

- There is a new overall criterion on which the auditor's VFM conclusion is based; and
 - This overall criterion is supported by three new sub-criteria.
- Our risk assessment is ongoing and we will report VFM significant risks during our audit.

See pages **6** to **8** for more details.

Logistics



Our team is:

- Tim Cutler - Partner
 - Trevor Rees – Director
 - Alison Ormston- Senior Manager
 - Matthew Ackroyd - Manager
 - Atta Khan – Assistant Manager
- More details are on **page 11**.

Our work will be completed in four phases from January to September and our key deliverables are this Audit Plan and a Report to those charged with Governance as outlined on **page 12**.

Our fee for the audit is £186,998 (£249,330 2014/2015) see **page 9**.

Other areas of audit focus

Those risks with less likelihood of giving rise to a material error but which are nevertheless worthy of audit understanding have been identified as:

- IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement – Sheffield has £123m of surplus assets as at 31st March 2015 which will need to be revalued and accounted for under fair value basis. The impact of these revaluations could be material.
- Better Care Fund – The Sheffield Better Care Fund pooled budget (£274m) between Sheffield CCG and SCC has significant accounting and disclosure implications.

See pages **3** to **5** for more details.

Introduction

Background and Statutory responsibilities

This document supplements our Audit Fee Letter 2015/16 presented to you in April 2015, which also sets out details of our appointment by Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA).

Our statutory responsibilities and powers are set out in the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and the National Audit Office's Code of Audit Practice.

Our audit has two key objectives, requiring us to audit/review and report on your:

- *Financial statements (including the Annual Governance Statement)*: Providing an opinion on your accounts; and
- *Use of resources*: Concluding on the arrangements in place for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources (the value for money conclusion).

The audit planning process and risk assessment is an on-going process and the assessment and fees in this plan will be kept under review and updated if necessary.

Acknowledgements

We would like to take this opportunity to thank officers and Members for their continuing help and co-operation throughout our audit work.

Financial Statements Audit

Our financial statements audit work follows a four stage audit process which is identified below. Appendix 1 provides more detail on the activities that this includes. This report concentrates on the Financial Statements Audit Planning stage of the Financial Statements Audit.



Value for Money Arrangements Work

Our Value for Money (VFM) Arrangements Work follows a five stage process which is identified below. Page 6 provides more detail on the activities that this includes. This report concentrates on explaining the VFM approach for the 2015/16.



Financial statements audit planning

Financial Statements Audit Planning

Our planning work takes place during January to March 2016. This involves the following key aspects:

- Risk assessment;
- Determining our materiality level; and
- Issuing this audit plan to communicate our audit strategy.

Risk assessment

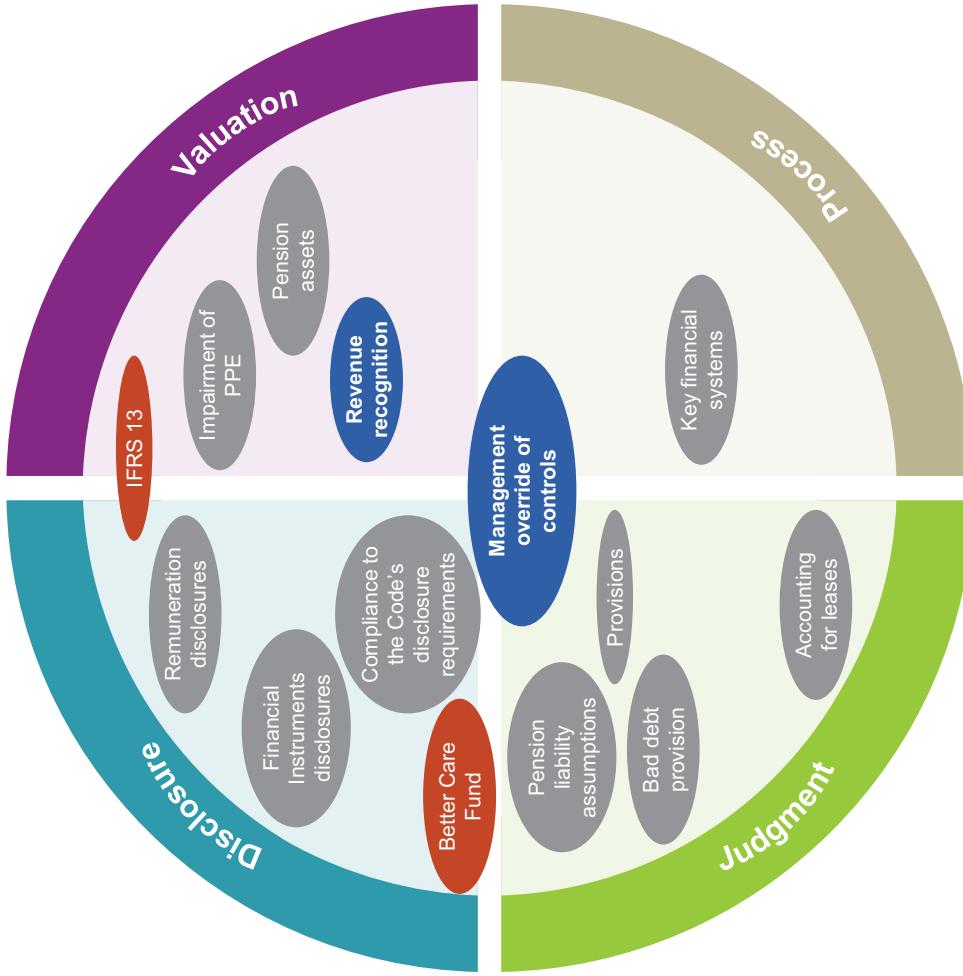
Professional standards require us to consider two standard risks for all organisations. We consider them as a matter of course in our audit and will include any findings arising from our work in our ISA 260 Report.

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Management override of controls – Management is typically in a powerful position to perpetrate fraud owing to its ability to manipulate accounting records and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. Our audit methodology incorporates the risk of management override as a default significant risk. In line with our methodology, we carry out appropriate controls testing and substantive procedures, including over journal entries, accounting estimates and significant transactions that are outside the normal course of business, or are otherwise unusual.

Fraudulent revenue recognition – We do not consider this to be a significant risk for local authorities as there are limited incentives and opportunities to manipulate the way income is recognised. We therefore rebut this risk and do not incorporate specific work into our audit plan in this area over and above our standard fraud procedures.

The diagram opposite identifies, significant risks and other areas of audit focus, which we expand on overleaf. The diagram also identifies a range of other areas considered by our audit approach.



Financial statements audit planning (cont.)



Significant Audit Risks

Those risks requiring specific audit attention and procedures to address the likelihood of a material financial statement error.

None identified.

Other areas of audit focus

Those risks with less likelihood of giving rise to a material error but which are nevertheless worthy of audit understanding.

Other area of audit focus 2

- **Better Care Fund:** The Sheffield Better Care Fund pooled budget (the fund) has a primary aim to '...drive closer integration and improve outcomes for patients and service users and carers'. The fund was set up as a pooled budget – a partnership arrangement whereby Sheffield CCG and SCC contribute an agreed level of resource into a single pot (the 'pooled budget') that is then used to commission or deliver health and social care services.
- For 2015/16, the combined financial contribution (as set out within the Section 75 Agreement) from the two partners was £270.5m of revenue and £3.5m of capital, which totalled £274.0m (of which £108m relates to SCC including the capital element).
- There are various accounting standards that apply to pooled budgets including IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Arrangements, IFRS 10 Consolidated financial statements, IFRS 11 Joint arrangements and IFRS 12 Disclosure of Involvement with Other Entities.
- **Approach:** We will review the proposed accounting treatment and disclosure in advance of the audit of the accounts to ensure it is consistent with the accounting standards and with that adopted by other members of the fund.

Other area of audit focus 1

IFRS 13: The 2015/16 edition of the Code introduces new or amended, accounting practices in respect of IFRS 13: Fair Value Measurement. There are no adaptations to IFRS 13 for the public sector context. However, section 4.1 of the Code adapts IAS 16 to require that Surplus Assets (property, plant and equipment) are measured at fair value. Sheffield has £123m of surplus assets as at 31st March 2015 which will need to be revalued and accounted for under fair value. The impact of these revaluations could be material for the statement of accounts for 2015/16.

Approach: We will review the revised valuation basis which will include consideration of Kier's valuation reports of all affected assets. We will also review the impact of this on the disclosure requirements within the 2015/16 statement of accounts.

Financial statements audit planning (cont.)

Materiality

We are required to plan our audit to determine with reasonable confidence whether or not the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An omission or misstatement is regarded as material if it would reasonably influence the user of financial statements. This therefore involves an assessment of the qualitative and quantitative nature of omissions and misstatements.

Generally, we would not consider differences in opinion in respect of areas of judgement to represent 'misstatements' unless the application of that judgement results in a financial amount falling outside of a range which we consider to be acceptable.

Materiality for planning purposes has been set at £27 million, which equates to 1.9 percent of gross expenditure.

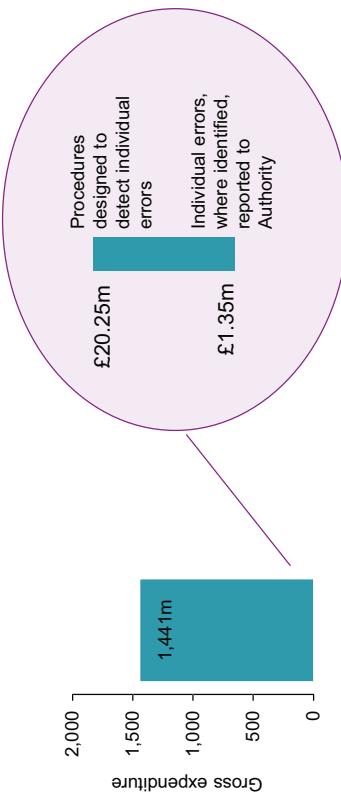
We design our procedures to detect errors in specific accounts at a lower level of precision.

Reporting to the Audit Committee

Whilst our audit procedures are designed to identify misstatements which are material to our opinion on the financial statements as a whole, we nevertheless report to the Audit Committee any unadjusted misstatements of lesser amounts to the extent that these are identified by our audit work.

Under ISA 260(UK&I) 'Communication with those charged with governance', we are obliged to report uncorrected omissions or misstatements other than those which are 'clearly trivial' to those charged with governance. ISA 260 (UK&I) defines 'clearly trivial' as matters that are clearly inconsequential, whether taken individually or in aggregate and whether judged by any quantitative or qualitative criteria.

In the context of the Authority, we propose that an individual difference could normally be considered to be clearly trivial if it is less than £1.35 million. If management have corrected material misstatements identified during the course of the audit, we will consider whether those corrections should be communicated to the Audit Committee to assist it in fulfilling its governance responsibilities.



Source: 2014/15 Statement of Accounts



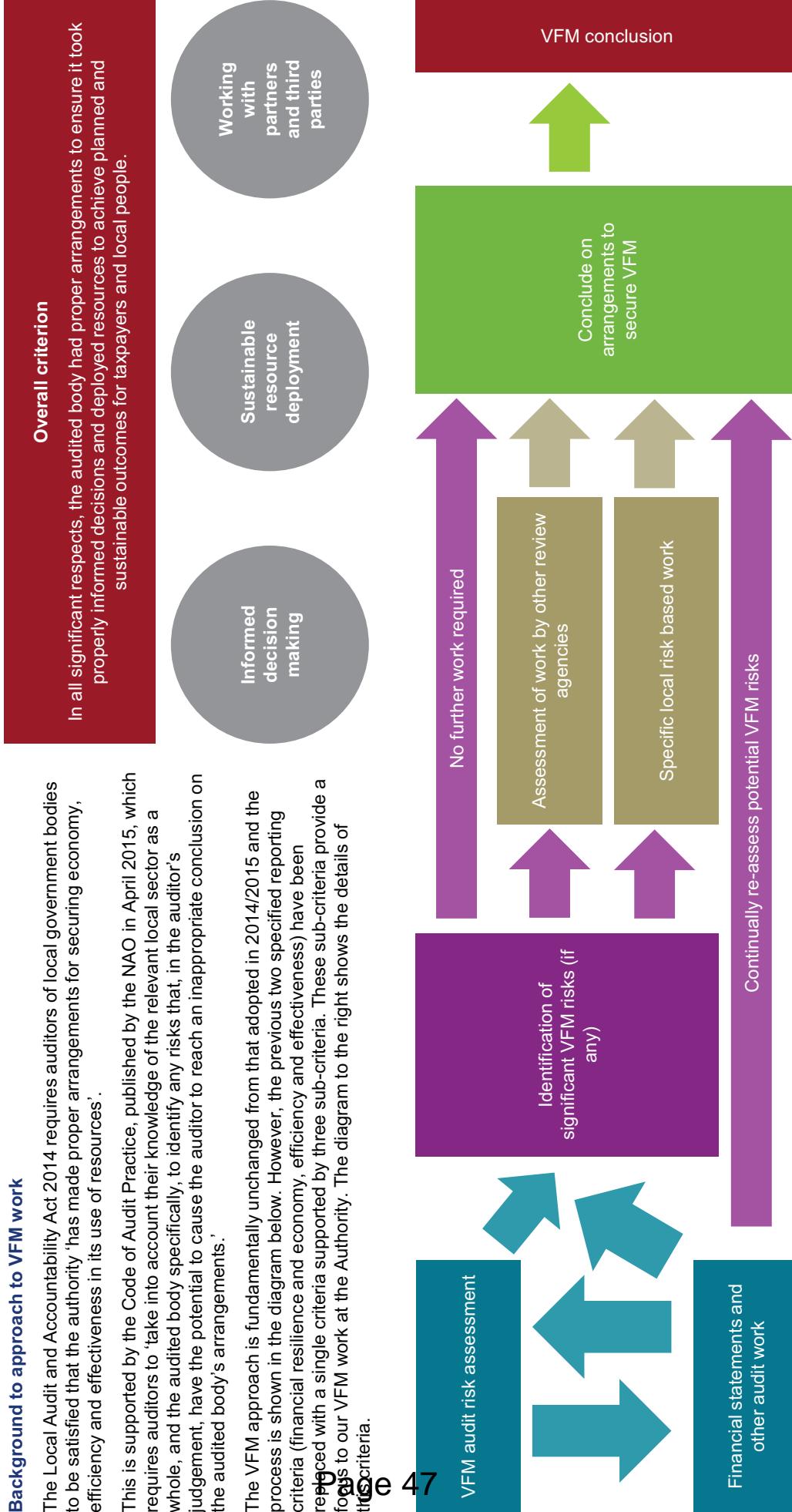
Background to approach to VFM work

The Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 requires auditors of local government bodies to be satisfied that the authority 'has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources'.

This is supported by the Code of Audit Practice, published by the NAO in April 2015, which requires auditors to 'take into account their knowledge of the relevant local sector as a whole, and the audited body specifically, to identify any risks that, in the auditor's judgement, have the potential to cause the auditor to reach an inappropriate conclusion on the audited body's arrangements'.

The VFM approach is fundamentally unchanged from that adopted in 2014/2015 and the process is shown in the diagram below. However, the previous two specified reporting criteria (financial resilience and economy, efficiency and effectiveness) have been replaced with a single criteria supported by three sub-criteria. These sub-criteria provide a focus to our VFM work at the Authority. The diagram to the right shows the details of these criteria.

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Value for money arrangements work (cont.)



VFM audit stage	Audit approach
VFM audit risk assessment	<p>We consider the relevance and significance of the potential business risks faced by all local authorities, and other risks that apply specifically to the Authority. These are the significant operational and financial risks in achieving statutory functions and objectives, which are relevant to auditors' responsibilities under the <i>Code of Audit Practice</i>.</p> <p>In doing so we consider:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The Authority's own assessment of the risks it faces, and its arrangements to manage and address its risks; ■ Information from the Public Sector Auditor Appointments Limited VFM profile tool; ■ Evidence gained from previous audit work, including the response to that work; and ■ The work of other inspectorates and review agencies.
Page 48 Packages with financial statements and other audit work	<p>There is a degree of overlap between the work we do as part of the VFM audit and our financial statements audit. For example, our financial statements audit includes an assessment and testing of the Authority's organisational control environment, including the Authority's financial management and governance arrangements, many aspects of which are relevant to our VFM audit responsibilities.</p> <p>We have always sought to avoid duplication of audit effort by integrating our financial statements and VFM work, and this will continue. We will therefore draw upon relevant aspects of our financial statements audit work to inform the VFM audit.</p>
Identification of significant risks	<p>The Code identifies a matter as significant '<i>if, in the auditor's professional view, it is reasonable to conclude that the matter would be of interest to the audited body or the wider public. Significance has both qualitative and quantitative aspects.</i>'</p> <p>If we identify significant VFM risks, then we will highlight the risk to the Authority and consider the most appropriate audit response in each case, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Considering the results of work by the Authority, inspectorates and other review agencies; and ■ Carrying out local risk-based work to form a view on the adequacy of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

Value for money arrangements work (cont.)



VFM audit stage	Audit approach
Assessment of work by other review agencies and Delivery of local risk based work	<p>Depending on the nature of the significant VFM risk identified, we may be able to draw on the work of other inspectorates, review agencies and other relevant bodies to provide us with the necessary evidence to reach our conclusion on the risk.</p> <p>If such evidence is not available, we will instead need to consider what additional work we will be required to undertake to satisfy ourselves that we have reasonable evidence to support the conclusion that we will draw. Such work may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Meeting with senior managers across the Authority; ■ Review of minutes and internal reports; and ■ Examination of financial models for reasonableness, using our own experience and benchmarking data from within and without the sector.
Concluding on VFM arrangements	<p>At the conclusion of the VFM audit we will consider the results of the work undertaken and assess the assurance obtained against each of the VFM themes regarding the adequacy of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources.</p> <p>If any issues are identified that may be significant to this assessment, and in particular if there are issues that indicate we may need to consider qualifying our VFM conclusion, we will discuss these with management as soon as possible. Such issues will also be considered more widely as part of KPMG's quality control processes, to help ensure the consistency of auditors' decisions.</p>
Reporting	<p>We will report on the results of the VFM audit through our ISA 260 Report. This will summarise any specific matters arising, and the basis for our overall conclusion.</p> <p>The key output from the work will be the VFM conclusion (i.e. our opinion on the Authority's arrangements for securing VFM), which forms part of our audit report.</p>

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Whole of government accounts (WGA)

We are required to review your WGA consolidation and undertake the work specified under the approach that is agreed with HM Treasury and the National Audit Office. Deadlines for production of the pack and the specified approach for 2015/16 have not yet been confirmed.

Elector challenge

The Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 gives electors certain rights. These are:

- The right to inspect the accounts;
- The right to ask the auditor questions about the accounts; and
- The right to object to the accounts.

As a result of these rights, in particular the right to object to the accounts, we may need to undertake additional work to form our decision on the elector's objection. The additional work could range from a small piece of work where we interview an officer and review evidence to form our decision, to a more detailed piece of work, where we have to interview a range of officers, review significant amounts of evidence and seek legal representations on the issues raised.

The costs incurred in responding to specific questions or objections raised by electors is not part of the fee. This work will be charged in accordance with the PSAA's fee scales.

Our audit team

Our audit team will be led by Tim Cutler who will add a fresh perspective to the audit (due to extenuating circumstances Tim will be supported by Trevor Rees on a temporary basis with immediate effect). Appendix 2 provides more details on specific roles and contact details of the team.

Reporting and communication

Reporting is a key part of the audit process, not only in communicating the audit findings for the year, but also in ensuring the audit team are accountable to you in addressing the issues identified as part of the audit strategy. Throughout the year we will communicate with you through meetings with the finance team and the Audit Committee. Our communication outputs are included in Appendix 1.

Independence and Objectivity

Auditors are also required to be independent and objective. Appendix 3 provides more details of our confirmation of independence and objectivity.

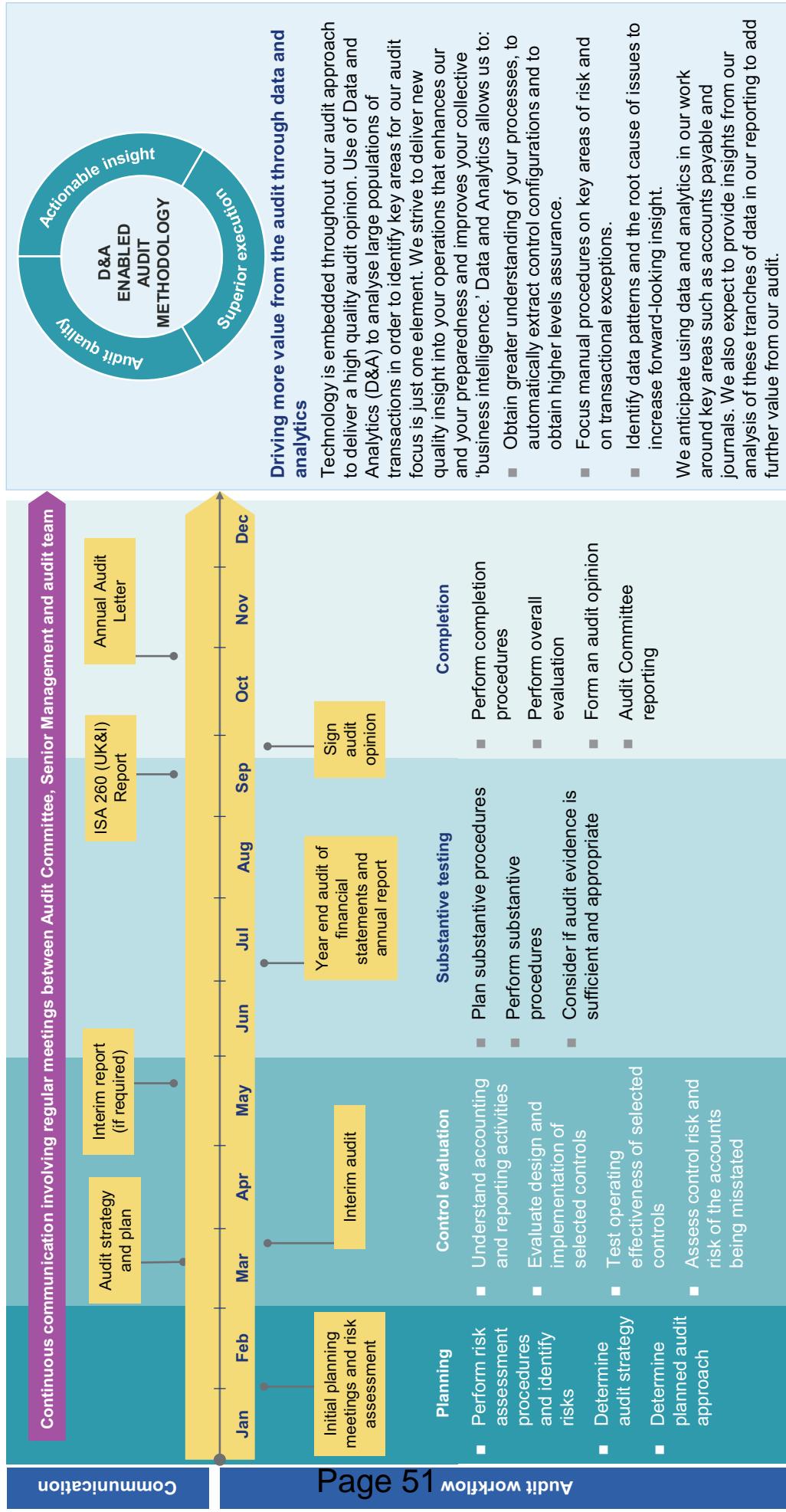
Audit fee

Our Audit Fee Letter 2015/2016 presented to you in April 2015 first set out our fees for the 2015/2016 audit. This letter also sets out our assumptions. We have not considered it necessary to make any changes to the agreed fees at this stage.

The planned audit fee for 2015/16 is £186,998. This is a reduction in audit fee, compared to 2014/2015, of £62,332 (25%). This is due to a 25% reduction in scale fees set by the Audit Commission for 2015/16.

Our audit fee includes our work on the VFM conclusion and our audit of the Authority's financial statements.

Appendix 1: Key elements of our financial statements audit approach



Appendix 2: Audit team

Your audit team has been drawn from our specialist public sector assurance department. Atta will provide continuity as he was part of the Sheffield City Council audit last year. Tim, Alison and Matthew will add a fresh perspective to the audit. Trevor will provide support in Tim's temporary absence.



Tim Cutler
Partner

Tel: 0161 246 4774
Email: tim.cutler@kpmg.co.uk

Name	Tim Cutler
Position	Partner
'My role is to lead our team and ensure the delivery of a high quality, valued added external audit opinion. I will be the main point of contact for the Audit Committee and s151 Officer'.	
Tim Cutler Partner	

Tim Cutler
Partner

Tel: 0161 246 4774
Email: tim.cutler@kpmg.co.uk



Alison Ormston
Senior Manager

Tel: 0113 231 3515
Email: alison.ormston@kpmg.co.uk

Name	Alison Ormston
Position	Senior Manager
'I provide quality assurance for the audit work and specifically any technical accounting and risk areas. I will work closely with Tim to ensure we add value. I will liaise with the Director of Finance and other Executive Directors.'	
Alison Ormston Senior Manager	

Alison Ormston
Senior Manager

Tel: 0113 231 3515
Email: alison.ormston@kpmg.co.uk



Trevor Rees

Director
Tel: 0161 246 4774
Email: trevor.rees@kpmg.co.uk

Name	Trevor Rees
Position	Director
'My role is to lead our team and ensure the delivery of a high quality, valued added external audit opinion. I will be the main point of contact for the Audit Committee and s151 Officer'.	
Trevor Rees Director	

Trevor Rees
Director
Tel: 0161 246 4774
Email: trevor.rees@kpmg.co.uk

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Name	Matthew Ackroyd
Position	Manager
	<p>'I provide quality assurance for the audit work and specifically any technical accounting and risk areas.</p> <p>I will work with Tim and Alison to ensure we add value.</p> <p>I will liaise with the Senior Finance Manager and other managers at the Authority'.</p>

Matthew Ackroyd
Manager
Tel: 0113 254 2996
Email: matthew.ackroyd@kpmg.co.uk



Name	Atta Khan
Position	Assistant Manager
	<p>'I will be responsible for the on-site delivery of our work and will supervise the work of our audit assistants.</p> <p>I will liaise with the Finance team'.</p>

Atta Khan
Assistant Manager
Tel: 0113 231 3625
Email: atta.khan@kpmg.co.uk

Appendix 3: Independence and objectivity requirements

Independence and objectivity

Professional standards require auditors to communicate to those charged with governance, at least annually, all relationships that may bear on the firm's independence and the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and audit staff. The standards also place requirements on auditors in relation to integrity, objectivity and independence.

The standards define 'those charged with governance' as 'those persons entrusted with the supervision, control and direction of an entity'. In your case this is the Audit Committee.

KPMG LLP is committed to being and being seen to be independent. APB Ethical Standard 1 Integrity, Objectivity and Independence requires us to communicate to you in writing all significant facts and matters, including those related to the provision of non-audit services and the safeguards put in place, in our professional judgement, may reasonably be thought to ~~to~~ bear on KPMG LLP's independence and the objectivity of the Engagement Lead and the audit team.

Under this auditors are required by the National Audit Office's Code of Audit Practice to:

- Carry out their work with integrity, independence and objectivity;
 - Be transparent and report publicly as required;
 - Be professional and proportional in conducting work;
 - Be mindful of the activities of inspectors to prevent duplication;
 - Take a constructive and positive approach to their work;
 - Comply with data statutory and other relevant requirements relating to the security, transfer, holding, disclosure and disposal of information.
- PSAA's Terms of Appointment includes several references to arrangements designed to support and reinforce the requirements relating to independence, which auditors must comply with. These are as follows:
- Auditors and senior members of their staff who are directly involved in the management, supervision or delivery of PSAA audit work should not take part in political activity.

No member or employee of the firm should accept or hold an appointment as a

member of an audited body whose auditor is, or is proposed to be, from the same firm. In addition, no member or employee of the firm should accept or hold such appointments at related bodies, such as those linked to the audited body through a strategic partnership.

- Audit staff are expected not to accept appointments as Governors at certain types of schools within the local authority.
- Auditors and their staff should not be employed in any capacity (whether paid or unpaid) by an audited body or other organisation providing services to an audited body whilst being employed by the firm.
- Auditors appointed by the PSAA should not accept engagements which involve commenting on the performance of other PSAA auditors on PSAA work without first consulting PSAA.

Auditors are expected to comply with the Terms of Appointment policy for the Engagement Lead to be changed on a periodic basis.

- Audit suppliers are required to obtain the PSAA's written approval prior to changing any Engagement Lead in respect of each audited body.
- Certain other staff changes or appointments require positive action to be taken by Firms as set out in the Terms of Appointment.

Confirmation statement

We confirm that as of March 2016 in our professional judgement, KPMG LLP is independent within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements and the objectivity of the Engagement Lead and audit team is not impaired.

PSAA's Terms of Appointment includes several references to arrangements designed to support and reinforce the requirements relating to independence, which auditors must comply with. These are as follows:

- Auditors and senior members of their staff who are directly involved in the management, supervision or delivery of PSAA audit work should not take part in political activity.



This report is addressed to the Authority and has been prepared for the sole use of the Authority. We take no responsibility to any member of staff acting in their individual capacities, or to third parties. We draw your attention to the Statement of Responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies, which is available on Public Sector Audit Appointment's website (www.psaa.co.uk).

External auditors do not act as a substitute for the audited body's own responsibility for putting in place proper arrangements to ensure that public business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively.

We are committed to providing you with a high quality service. If you have any concerns or are dissatisfied with any part of KPMG's work, in the first instance you should contact [...] , the engagement lead to the Authority, who will try to resolve your complaint. If you are dissatisfied with your response please contact the national lead partner for all of KPMG's work under our contract with Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited, Andrew Sayers, by email to Andrew.Sayers@kpmg.co.uk. After this, if you are still dissatisfied with how your complaint has been handled you can access PSAA's complaints procedure by emailing generalenquiries@psaa.co.uk by telephoning 020 7072 7445 or by writing to Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited, 3rd Floor, Local Government House, Smith Square, London, SW1P 3HZ.

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